## **Chemistry of Contrast Media**

## Small Molecules

Hyperpolarized MR Probes Matthew E. Merritt, Craig Malloy, Dean Sherry University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center, Dallas, TX, USA

Learning Objectives:

- Understand the physical process of hyperpolarization
- Understand timescales for HP experiments
- Be able to design a basic molecular imaging experiment based on the available substrates
- Be able to differentiate between the effects of flux and pool size

Dissolution dynamic nuclear polarization (DNP) has demonstrated the ability to identify disease and aberrant metabolic function in a variety of *ex vivo* and *in vivo* systems. The technology provides the highest MR sensitivity when operating at the lowest achievable temperatures and higher magnetic field strengths (3.35 -7 T). The enhanced sensitivity provided by DNP allows the tremendous chemical selectivity of 13C MR to observe multiple steps in a reaction pathway. Taken together these factors produce a powerful molecular imaging modality.

*Disclosure of author financial interest or relationships: M.E. Merritt, None; C. Malloy, None; D. Sherry, None.*